

8.1 Comparing & Interpreting Rates

Comparing and Interpreting Rates [8.1]

Warm up:

Compare different pay scales. Decide if it is better to receive \$300 a week or to be paid hourly at a rate of \$7.50 per hour.

What factors could affect your decision?

$$\$300 \div \$7.50/\text{hr} = 40 \text{ hrs}$$

$$40 \text{ hrs} \times \$7.50/\text{hr} = \$300$$

— how many hours you work in a week

— speed you work at

Help me decide:

Orange juice is sold in 1.5L cartons and 250ml boxes. A 1.5L carton sells for \$3.75, and ten 250ml boxes sell for \$7.39.

Which option is a better deal? (ie. Which size costs less per millilitre?)

$$1000 \text{ ml} = 1 \text{ l}$$

$$\rightarrow 1.5 \cancel{\text{L}} \times 1000 \frac{\text{ml}}{\cancel{\text{L}}} = 1500 \text{ ml} \rightarrow \$3.75$$

$$\rightarrow 10 \times 250 \text{ ml} = 2500 \text{ ml} \rightarrow \$7.39$$

Per unit cost
carton

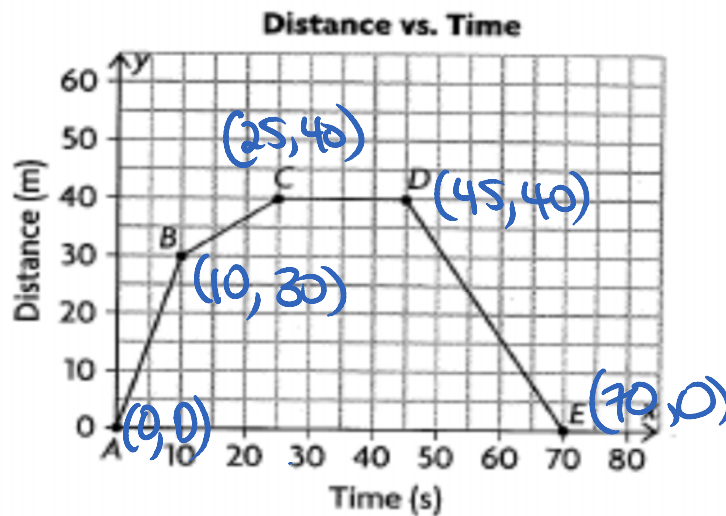
$$\frac{\text{cost}}{\text{quantity}} = \frac{\$3.75}{1500 \text{ ml}} = \$0.0025/\text{ml}$$

less expensive

$$\frac{\$7.39}{2500 \text{ ml}} = 0.00295/\text{ml}$$

quantity 150ml / 100ml assume
less expensive option

Tell me a story about this:



What do you remember about slope?

$$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

– rate of increase/decline...
 – change of rates → acceleration
 → on diff sections of graph.

Looking back at the graph:

- compare the rates that correspond to each line segment
- With a partner, discuss why the rates may have changed

$\overline{AB}, \overline{BC}, \overline{CD}, \overline{DE}$

Pts A(0,0) B(10,30) C(25,40) D(45,40) E(70,0)

slopes $m_{AB} = \frac{30m - 0m}{10s - 0s} = 3m/s$

$$m_{CD} = \frac{(40-40)m}{(45-25)s} = 0m/s$$

$$m_{BC} = \frac{40m - 30m}{25s - 10s} = \frac{10m}{15s} = 0.67m/s$$

$$m_{DE} = \frac{0 - 40}{70 - 45} = \frac{-40}{25} = -1.6m/s$$

↑
negative slope

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Practice pg 458 # 4, 7, 9, 12, 13, 14

Foundations 11

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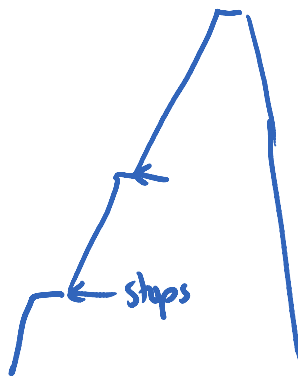
1990) 5 yrs
95) 5 yrs
2000) 3 yrs
2003) 3 yrs
2006) 3 yrs

103) 24
127) 24
151) 10
161) 10
158) 3

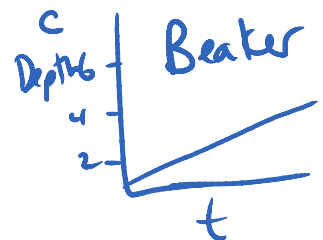
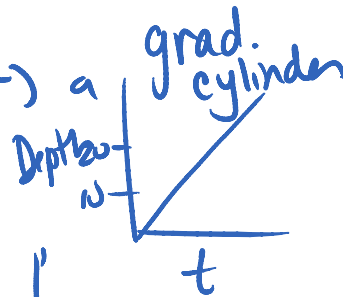
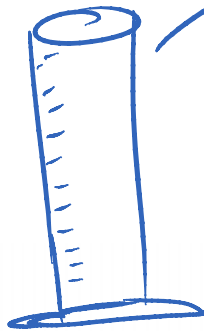
$$\frac{24}{5} = 4.8 \text{ mTon/yr}$$

$$\frac{10}{3} = 3.3 \text{ mTon/yr}$$

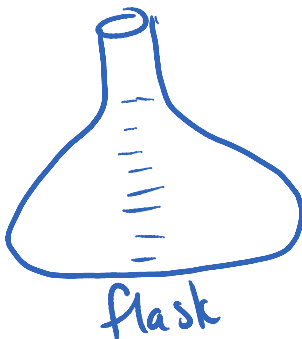
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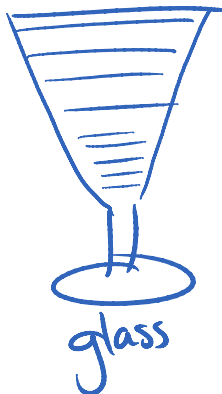
13



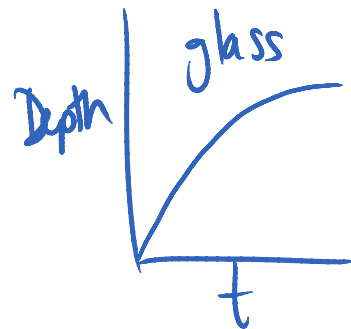
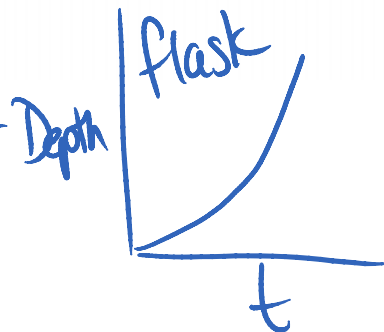
Do your HOMEWORK!



flask



glass



glass

8.2 Solving Problems that Involve Rates

Solving Problems that Involve Rates [8.2]

Getting started with a partner:

✱ Which leg of his trip was his fuel efficiency best? ✱

The gas tank of Mario's new car has a capacity of 55L. The owner's manual claims that the fuel efficiency of Mario's car is 7.6L/100km on the highway. Before Mario's first big highway trip, he set his trip to 0km so he could keep track of the total distance he drove. He started with the gas tank full. Each time he stopped to fill up the tank, he recorded the distance he had driven and the amount of gas purchased.

Fill-up	Total Distance Drive (km)	Quantity of Gas Purchased (L)
1	645	48.0
2	1037	32.1

$$1037 - 645 = 392 \rightarrow$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{\text{fuel}}{d} = \frac{48 \text{ l}}{645 \text{ km}} = 0.0744 \frac{\text{l}}{\text{km}} \times \frac{100 \text{ km}}{100 \text{ km}} = \boxed{\frac{7.4 \text{ l}}{100 \text{ km}}} \quad \text{better fuel efficiency}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{\text{fuel}}{d} = \frac{32.1 \text{ l}}{392 \text{ km}} = 0.0819 \frac{\text{l}}{\text{km}} \times \frac{100 \text{ km}}{100 \text{ km}} = \frac{8.2 \text{ l}}{100 \text{ km}}$$

other way

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{\text{dist}}{\text{fuel}} = \frac{645 \text{ km}}{48 \text{ l}} = \boxed{13.44 \text{ km/l}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{392 \text{ km}}{32.1 \text{ l}} = 12.21 \text{ km/l}$$

Trust me... this will really happen to you:

[Insert your name here 😊] wants to defrost a frozen turkey in the microwave. The turkey has a mass of 4.23 kg. A website claims it takes 21 minutes to defrost 3 lbs of meat. ** 1 kg = 2.2 lbs **

How long, to the nearest minute, should you set the timer on defrost for?

$$\text{kg} \rightarrow \text{lbs}$$

$$4.23 \text{ kg} \times \frac{2.2 \text{ lbs}}{1 \text{ kg}} = 9.306 \text{ lbs}$$

lbs \rightarrow min

$$9.306 \text{ lbs} \times \frac{21 \text{ min}}{3 \text{ lbs}} = 65 \text{ min}$$

Bob burns 620 calories in a cardio kick box class lasting 2h, and 120 calories in a body sculpt class lasting 30 min. If he does cardio kick box for 3 hours, how much longer would he have to do body sculpt to burn the same number of calories?

rates

$$\text{boxing} \quad \frac{620 \text{ cal}}{2 \text{ hrs}} = \frac{310 \text{ cal}}{1 \text{ hr}} \quad \text{sculpt} \quad \frac{120 \text{ cal}}{0.5 \text{ hr}} = \frac{240 \text{ cal}}{\text{h}}$$

if he boxes for 3 hrs $\times \frac{310 \text{ cal}}{1 \text{ hr}} = 930 \text{ cal}$ burned
so how long would he need to sculpt to burn 930 cal?

$$\frac{930 \text{ cal}}{240 \text{ cal/hr}} = 3.875 \text{ hrs}$$

∴ how much longer

$$3.875 \text{ hrs sculpt} - 3 \text{ hrs boxing} = 0.875 \text{ hrs}$$

∴ 0.875 hrs longer sculpting than boxing to burn same # of calories

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nm

